Course title	Development, Tissues and Organs					
Course code	GEMD-102					
Course type	Required					
Level	Undergraduate					
Year / Semester	Year 1, Semester 1					
Teacher's name	Dr Annita Achilleos					
		Teaching Periods per Week				
ECTS	13	Large Group Learning	Small Group Learning	Laboratories & Skills	Clinical Practice	
		8	6	2	4	
Course purpose and objectives	The aim of the course is to enable the students to develop an in-depth and wellrounded understanding of the events that underlie the conception and development of the embryo and how disturbance can lead to disease, as well as a detailed understanding of how differentiated cells are equipped to support the function of specific tissues. Overall, the student will, by the end of the course, be able to: Describe the process of gamete formation and correlate meiotic events with chromosomal abnormalities in the embryo Outline events during the first week of embryonic development and discuss related clinical applications Explain the key events that underlie the conversion of the early embryo into a recognisable foetus Describe extraembryonic development and discuss clinical applications and correlates Apply the following outcomes to the cardiovascular, respiratory, digestive, genitourinary, nervous and musculoskeletal systems: Briefly outline the relevant developmental events and correlate with the anatomical topography of the system Illustrate how disturbance in embryonic development causes congenital anomalies Utilize the role of environmental and genetic factors in congenital anomalies in the different systems and illustrate with examples Describe the different tissue types correlating specific cellular morphology/					

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

Knowledge

- 1. Describe meiotic division and compare and contrast with mitosis
- 2. Explain how meiotic division contributes to genetic diversity
- 3. Explain non-disjunction in meiosis and the clinical implications
- 4. Outline meiosis in the presence of chromosomal translocations and explain the clinical implications
- 5. Compare and contrast gametogenesis in the male and female
- 6. Describe fertilization and outline the main events in embryonic development before implantation of the embryo
- 7. Outline key early events in cell fate specification in the developing embryo
- 8. Discuss clinical applications of extracorporeal embryonic development
- 9. Discuss preimplantation genetic testing/ diagnosis and outline the main techniques currently used
- 10. Outline the process of implantation of the embryo
- 11. Outline the events of the second week of embryonic development including the formation of the bilaminar germ disc
- 12. Outline gastrulation and the formation of the definitive germ layers and list their derivatives

Learning outcomes

- 13. Discuss how embryonic folding is a key event in the developing morphology of the embryo and consider the emergence of embryonic axes (dorsoventral and anteroposterior)
- 14. Discuss the formation and evolution of the different cavities (e.g. chorionic, amniotic) during the development of the embryo and foetus
- 15. Outline key events in the development of the placenta
- 16. Explain the basis of chorionic villous sampling and amniocentesis in the context of prenatal diagnosis
- 17. Define the terms malformation, deformation, disruption, sequence and association and use these terms appropriately when describing congenital anomalies
- 18. List the common types of congenital anomalies and their incidence
- 19. Explain, with examples in specific systems, the consequences of failure of certain embryonic structures to regress
- 20. Define teratogens, explain their mode of action with examples and relate the action of key teratogens with specific malformations in the various organs
- 21. Demonstrate, with examples in the different systems, the link between genetic conditions and congenital malformations and identify disturbance of normal molecular regulation where relevant
- 22. Describe the four main tissues of the body (epithelia, muscle, nervous, connective)



- 23. Identify the different types of epithelia and connective tissue and relate structure with function.
- 24. Describe the main histological techniques and staining methods.
- 25. Relate key events such as the development of the cardiac tube, looping and septation to the formation of the heart chambers and outflow tract and the configuration of the adult heart
- 26. Provide a brief outline of the development of the vasculature
- 27. Outline foetal circulation and describe the adaptations taking place at birth
- 28. Explain how disturbed development leads to septal and outflow tract defects and discuss their functional implications
- 29. Define the three layers of the cardiac wall and corresponding vascular layers and correlate the structure of cardiomyocytes and cells of the conducting system with cardiac function
- 30. Outline the development of the respiratory system focusing on tracheobronchial development, branching morphogenesis and alveolar maturation Describe tracheo-oesophageal and lung malformations and correlate with disturbance in development
- 31. Describe the histology of the airways and alveoli putting emphasis on relating structure with function
- 32. Discuss the role of surfactant-producing cells and consider clinical correlates
- 33. Explain how embryonic folding leads to the formation of the primitive gut tube and how foregut, midgut and hindgut are defined
- 34. Give a brief outline of the development of the gastrointestinal system including the oesophagus, stomach, small and large intestine, rectum and anus.
- 35. Outline the development of the liver, gallbladder and pancreas as derivatives of the primitive gut tube
- 36. Relate physiological herniation and intestinal rotation to the adult configuration of the intestines
- 37. Briefly describe the development of the enteric nervous system
- 38. Describe the basis of the main congenital gastrointestinal anomalies including defects of the body wall, abnormal rotation, hepatic and pancreatic malformations, hindgut defects, and defects of the enteric nervous system.
- 39. Define the four layers of the gastrointestinal tract and outline their function
- 40. Relate the types of epithelium and the cellular characteristics of epithelial cells in the different parts of the gastrointestinal tract with function and discuss clinical correlates
- 41. Describe the histological structure of the liver focusing on the hepatic lobule and relate cellular morphology to hepatic function
- 42. Describe the histology of the exocrine and endocrine pancreas and relate cellular characteristics to pancreatic function



- 43. Outline the development of the urinary system including the pronephros, mesonephros and metanephros with emphasis on the interaction between the developing kidney and collecting system
- 44. Discuss the development of renal function of the foetus during pregnancy
- 45. Describe the main malformations of renal development with relevant molecular correlates and defects of bladder development
- 46. Outline the histology of the kidney and urinary system and correlate renal function with the structure of the nephron and the collecting ducts
- 47. Outline the process of gonadal differentiation and development of the gonads
- 48. Describe the development of the genital ducts and external genitalia in both male and female
- 49. Describe the main defects in the development of the uterus, vagina and male genitalia
- 50. Describe the histology of the ovaries and testes and correlate the cell types with gametogenesis
- 51. Describe the histology of the fallopian tubes, uterus and vagina considering functional correlates and explain how the cellular structure of the uterus changes in a cyclical fashion in preparation for embryo implantation
- 52. Discuss clinical correlates of cervical histology
- 53. Outline the development of the pharyngeal arches and their derivatives and discuss the implications of disturbed development
- 54. Briefly outline the process of neurulation and correlate disturbance with the main types of neural tube defects
- 55. Consider the mechanism of neural tube defect prevention using folic acid supplementation
- 56. Explain the origin of the neural crest and its contribution to embryonic development
- 57. Discuss the consequences of disturbance of the molecular regulation of neural crest development
- 58. Briefly outline events that follow closure of the neural tube including the formation of the three primary brain vesicles (forebrain, midbrain and hindbrain) and the spinal cord and relate the development of secondary brain vesicles with structures of the adult brain
- 59. Describe the different cell types in the central nervous system and understand the basic organisation of the spinal cord, cerebrum and cerebellum, correlating with function
- 60. Describe the structure of nerves of the peripheral nervous system (including spinal nerves) and relate to function
- 61. Discuss the process of myelination, its significance for function and provide examples of disturbance of this process



- 62. List developmental anomalies of the central nervous system other than neural tube defects and broadly relate to disturbance of normal development and molecular dysregulation
- 63. Briefly outline the process of somitogenesis and the developmental roles of the sclerotome, myotome, dermatome and syndetome
- 64. Outline the key events underlying the development of the axial and appendicular skeleton and contrast the process of endochondral and intramembranous ossification
- 65. Explain the correlation between spinal nerves and the vertebral column as well as the segmental nature of innervation of muscle groups and the skin
- 66. Discuss the developmental and molecular basis of skeletal dysplasias and apply these principles to achondroplasia
- 67. Describe the histology of bone, cartilage and tendons and relate to function
- 68. Describe the histology of peripheral muscle and relate to function

Skills

- 69. Identify main histological components of different tissues on sections/ illustrations
- 70. Identify congenital malformations depicted in images/illustrations

Professional competencies

- 71. Discuss ethical considerations relating to the manipulation of preimplantation embryos
- 72. Consider the roles of different health professionals and scientists in assisted reproductive techniques and pre-implantation genetic testing
- 73. Discuss the significance of basic research involving animal models in medicine
- 74. Discuss rare/orphan congenital diseases and comment on the lack of research funding and interest by pharmaceutical companies
- 75. Discuss the rationale of the use of drugs in pregnancy considering both maternal and foetal safety
- 76. Discuss the global burden of congenital anomalies and contrast with other causes of neonatal morbidity and mortality around the world
- 77. Discuss the folic acid paradigm in the context of a global strategy for the prevention of congenital malformations



Prerequisites	None			Required	None		
Course content	PreimplarKey eventExtraembSystem-spTeratoger	gametogenesis ntation biology is of general en ryonic develop pecific embryol nesis of differentiate	nbryology ment ogy and co	ngenital and	omalies	<u>es</u>	
Teaching methodology	Lectures – normally three-four face-to-face Tutorials – two case-based learning small group sessions, two expert-led class discussions/debates						
	Flipped classroom activities Community and/or hospital and/or laboratory visits each week, relating to the case of the week Student centred learning/self-study						
		tbooks/reading		Dublishou	Voor	ICDN	
	T.W. Sadler	Title Langman's Medical Embryology	Edition 15 th	Publisher Wolters Kluwer	Year 2024	9781975180010	
Bibliography	Pawlina, Wojciech; Ross, Michael H.	Histology: A text and atlas with correlated cell and molecular biology	9 th	Wolters Kluwer/ Lippincott Williams & Wilkins	2024	9781975181574	
	Ronald W. Dudek	BRS Embryology (Board Review Series)	6 th	Wolters Kluwer	2014	9781451190380	
	Recommended textbooks/reading						
	Authors Schoenwolf,	Title Larsen's	Edition 6 th	Publisher Elsevier	Year 2021	9780323696043	
	Januenwon,	Human Embryology	J	LISEVIEI	2021	3700323030043	

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Assessment	The course will be assessed at the end of Semester 1 with a Summative Final Examination consisting of Single Best Answer MCQs (SBAs).		
Language	English		